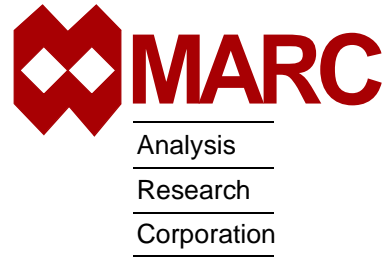


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MARC[®] K7.3.2

Installation Instructions
for UNIX Systems

MARC[®] Installation and Usage on UNIX machines

This document describes the installation and usage of the MARC programs on UNIX platforms listed in Table 1. The instructions given here require a basic knowledge of the machine on which you are loading the MARC software, no attempt is made to teach the use of UNIX commands.

This document contains a quick installation section intended for experienced MARC users, a section containing details about the installation procedure, a section concerning the usage of the MARC programs and a section about making permanent changes to the MARC programs.

Appendices include a sample installation session and hints about troubleshooting.

If you encounter a problem during the installation, please contact the customer support staff at the nearest MARC office listed below.

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MARC Corporate Headquarters
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Palo Alto, CA 94306, USA
Tel: 1 650 329 6800
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Table 1 Requirements of MARC & Mentat Running on Windows NT

Operating System	Microsoft Windows NT 4.0
CPU	Intel Pentium or higher CPU
Graphics Card	SVGA or better running in at least 16 bit color mode
Hard Drive	Minimum 300 MB (MARC-K7 will require at least 200 MB of swap space)
CD-ROM Drive	Required
Mouse	3 button mouse is recommended
Memory	Minimum 64 MB Recommended 128 MB
FORTRAN Compiler	Digital Fortran Version 6.0 or Digital Fortran Version 5.0

Table 2 Versions of MARC Running Under UNIX

Computer	Operating System Revision	CD-ROM mount command (assumes a directory /cdrom exists)
Digital Equipment Alpha	OSF 4.0 or later	mount -tcdfs /dev/rz <u>A</u> /cdrom u = CD-ROM unit number, A = a or c
HP 9000-700, 800	HP-UX 10.2 or later	mount -F cdfs /dev/dsk/c0t <u>n</u> d0 /cdrom n = SCSI controller number for CD-ROM
IBM RS6000	AIX 3.2.5 or later	mount -rv cdrfs /dev/cd0 /cdrom
Silicon Graphics MIPS 5000	IRIX 6.3 or later (32 bit version)	mount -rt iso9660 /dev/scsi/sc <u>n</u> d <u>u</u> l0 /cdrom n = SCSI controller number, u = CD-ROM unit #
Silicon Graphics MIPS 8000	IRIX 6.2 or later (64 bit version)	mount -rt iso9660 /dev/scsi/sc <u>n</u> d <u>u</u> l0 /cdrom n = SCSI controller number, u = CD-ROM unit # The CD-ROM will usually automount to /cdrom or /CDROM
SUN SparcStations	Solaris 2.4 or later	mount -F hdfs /dev/dsk/c0t <u>n</u> d <u>u</u> s0 /cdrom n = SCSI controller number, u = CD-ROM unit #
SUN SparcStation	Solaris 2.5 or later	Uses automounting to /cdrom

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Chapter 1: Read me first: Installation Prerequisites

- Before installing the software** Decide where you want the product to be installed before reading in the MARC software from the CD-ROM. You will be prompted for a parent directory to install the software, which will be referred to as `<parent>`. During the installation, a directory called `marck73`, `install`, and `security` will be created in the directory you specify.
- MARC requires approximately 100 Mbytes of permanent disk storage capacity.
- Personal data** During installation, you will be prompted to supply your name, address, telephone number, etc. You will also be asked to enter the client specific administration code (e.g., `MARCK73.U0123`) which is listed on the accompanying delivery letter. If you have also installed Mentat, enter your Mentat code when prompted. If no codes were provided to you, then leave it blank.
- This information will be sent to the MARC office supplying you the installation passwords and is intended to keep your data as known to the MARC company up to date.
- Password protection** The MARC version you have received is protected against illegal usage by means of Globetrotter's FLEXlm licensing software. You *cannot* run the program directly after you have installed the product from the CD-ROM until you obtain passwords from MARC. Passwords will be supplied to you from the nearest MARC office after you have performed the first two steps of the installation procedure. These steps are as follows:
1. Run the installation script, install the software from the CD-ROM, and generate a machine specific identifier for the purpose of creating passwords.
 2. Send the machine specific identifier to the nearest MARC office.
 3. Upon return of the passwords, enter these by editing the `license.dat` file.
- Passwords need normally be entered only once.
- Multiple machines\ NFS Fileserver** If you are installing MARC on an NFS Fileserver, the install script needs to create directories in which to install MARC; the default NFS export options do not allow this level of access by root. Two approaches are possible – do not install as root, or if you must install as root, modify your NFS export options to include `~root=list` (where `list` can include hostnames and netgroups).
- Should I be “root”?** Normally, there is no need to be logged in as `root`. However, you will be queried as to whether you want to create an optional *link* by which MARC will be known system-wide under the name `marck73`. This link will, by default, be placed in the directory `/usr/local/bin` to which you must have write permission. Logging in as `root` is one way of ensuring that you can create this link. Make sure that you have write permission to the installation directory before you start the installation script. Note that on most systems you will have to be `root` to mount the CD-ROM.
- For NFS fileserver networks, read the above paragraph.
- FORTRAN compiler** We strongly advise you to have a FORTRAN compiler on your system.

Chapter 2: Quick Installation Procedure

Step 1:
Start the
install script

```
<cdrom_dir>/install.exe
```

Welcome to the MARC Installation script

Enter the pathname to the directory to install the software

(<current directory>)

:

Step 2:
Extract the
files from
the
CD-ROM

Main Menu

- 1) Install the MARC program
- 2) Install the Mentat program
- 3) Install AutoForge-Analysis
- 4) Install AutoForge-GUI
- 5) Install MARC/Link-P Products
- 6) Install MARC/Link-Cat Products

- s) Install Security
- sd) Install Security documentation
- d) Install on-line Documentation
- u) Update Product scripts

- ci) Change the installation directory
- cd) Change the CDROM path
- l) Change the product listing file
- ?) Help information
- q) Exit from the installation script

Selection : 1

Run the MARC installation script *install.exe* from the CD-ROM. Substitute your CD-ROM device name for <cdrom_dir>. For example, on a SUN this may be /cdrom/cdrom0.

Enter the path for the directory in which you want to install the MARC product(s). The default selection will be your current directory. You must have write permission to this directory.

Select option 1 to install MARC-K7.3.2. This will take you to the MARC-K7.3.2 submenu.

MARC-K7.3.2 Menu

```

D1) Install for DEC OSF 3.2          (~70 MB)
D2) Install for DEC OSF 4.0          (~70 MB)
H1) Install for HP-UX 10.20 (PA 1.1) (~60 MB)
H2) Install for HP-UX 10.20 (PA 2.0) (~60 MB)
H3) Install for HP-UX/800 11.00      (~60 MB)
I1) Install for IBM AIX 3.2.5        (~45 MB)
I2) Install for IBM AIX 4.1.5        (~45 MB)
I3) Install for IBM AIX 4.3.1        (~45 MB)
G1) Install for SGI R4k IRIX 5.3     (~70 MB)
G2) Install for SGI R5k IRIX 6.3     (~70 MB)
G3) Install for SGI R8k-10k IRIX64 6.2 (~70 MB)
S1) Install for Sun Solaris 2.4      (~55 MB)
S2) Install for Sun Solaris 2.5/2.6/2.7 (~55 MB)

t ) Test the installation
? ) Help information
r ) Return to previous menu

```

Selection [] :

```
r) Return to the previous menu
```

**Step 3:
Generate
system
identifier**

```
s) Security submenu
1) Generate system identifier file
```

**Step 4:
Send the
system
identifier to
MARC**

```
2) Show system identifier
3) Print the system identifier
4) Send the system identifier

r) Return to previous menu
q) Exit from the installation script
```

**Step 5:
Enter the
password**

```
cd <parent>/security
vi license.dat
chmod 644 license.dat
```

Select the platform that you will be running MARC on. The script will determine a default value, and it will be shown in brackets after the *Selection* prompt. Just press return to use the default value.

You will also be prompted whether you want to create a system wide link to the *marck73* script.

Note that other platforms may appear on your menu list that are not shown here.

Choose the *Return to previous menu* option to return to the main menu.

Generate system identifier. From the main menu, select option **s**, and then option **1**. You will be prompted for your name, address, etc. You will also be prompted for your license code which is in the accompanying letter; e.g., MARCK73.U0123. If you have also installed Mentat, enter the Mentat license also; e.g., MENT330.U0123.

The system identifier is stored in the subdirectory *install* under the *<parent>* directory, in a file called *sid001.dat*. Send the contents of this file to the nearest MARC office. In return, you will receive passwords. You may exit the script now by choosing the option **q**.

When you receive the passwords from the MARC office, they should be entered by means of creating the file *license.dat* file in the *security* subdirectory using an editor. If the file was E-mailed to you, then save the contents in *license.dat*.

See Globetrotter's *FLEXlm End User Manual* for more information on the license file format.

**Step 6:
Checking**

For Network Version skip Step 6.

1) Install the MARC program
t) Test the installation

MARC Tools Menu

1) Test MARC installation

Test the MARC installation

1.1) Run a MARC job without user subroutine
1.2) Trial MARC job with user subroutine

r) Return to previous menu
q) Exit from the installation script

**Step 7:
Exit**

**Step 8:
For Network
version only**

Start the `install.exe` script again, and select *option 1*, “Install the MARC program”, and then select t) **Test the installation**. This brings up a new menu. Select **option 1**, “Test MARC installation”. A new “Test” menu appears.

Run one of the standard MARC demonstration examples as proof of a successful installation by choosing **option 1.1**. If all goes well, one of the final messages on screen should read:

marc exit number 3004

If you have a FORTRAN compiler on your system, choose a second demonstration example, **option 1.2**. Here again, MARC should give a **marc exit number 3004**.

Troubleshooting:

1. If you get an error message of `f77 not found` when running a job with a user subroutine and there is a Fortran compiler, its path needs to be appended to your path in the `.cshrc` file. A typical example would be the SUN platform where the `f77` compiler may live in the `/opt/SUNWspr/bin` directory. This path must be added if you get the `f77` error message.
2. For the IBM-SP machines, if you get `ERROR: Hostfile or pool must be used to request nodes`, create a `hostfile` in the `marck73/tools` directory with the available nodes in it as:


```
node 1
node 2
:
etc.
```

 and set the path to point to this file in `MP_HOSTFILE` variable in the `include` file in the `tools` directory.

Repeatedly choose the *return/exit* option to leave the installation script.

Please follow the *MARC K7.3.2 Network Version for UNIX Installation and User Notes* (Parts I and II) for important information on installing and running jobs with the network version.

Chapter 3: Installation Procedure Information

Multiple machines/ NFS Servers

If you are installing MARC on an NFS Fileserver, the install script needs to create directories in which to install MARC; the default NFS export options do not allow this level of access by root. Two approaches are possible – do not install as root, or if you must install as root, modify your NFS export options to include `~root=list` (where *list* can include hostnames and netgroups).

Step 1: Start the install script from the CD-ROM

Start the installation by running the *install.exe* script located on the CD-ROM from a “C” or Bourne shell. You should not have your current directory be the CD-ROM device, since temporary files will need to be created.

Decide where the MARC program will be located in the system. This location is called the `<parent>` directory. For example, if you specify the installation path as `/usr/software/marc`, the `<parent>` directory is `/usr/software/marc`. It is recommended that you create this directory before you start the installation script. The directories `marck73`, `install`, and `security` will be created when the program is installed.

The *install.exe* script will accept the following options:

- a Turns on automatic installation. The script will install both MARC-K7.3.2 and Mentat 3.3.2 from the CD-ROM. The *-i* option is required (described below).
- c `<path>` Specifies the path to the CD-ROM device. This may also be the path to a NFS mounted CD-ROM. Normally the script will determine the path to the CD-ROM device from the path specified to invoke *install.exe* on the command line.
- i `<path>` Specifies the installation path (`<parent>` directory). This option is required when specifying the automatic installation option, *-a*.
- l `<file>` Specifies a file for product listing
- v Turns on verbose mode.

The “automatic” installation will install both MARC and Mentat. To perform an “automatic” installation, run the installation script as follows:

```
/cdrom/install.exe -a -i <path>
```

Note that when the “automatic” installation is complete, you will have to run the installation script interactively to generate the system identifier using **option 1** (see Step 3).

You may want to check the contents against the list supplied in Appendix C of this document. Should any subdirectory be missing, please contact MARC customer support for further details.

Note: See Table 1 at the beginning of this document for the name of the CD-ROM device for your machine if you can’t determine what it is named, or see your systems administration guide.

Step 2: Extract the files and set paths

Extract the files from the CD-ROM and set the path names in the MARC background files to correspond to the location where you have installed the version. From the main menu list of the *install.exe* script, choose **option 1** to install MARC, and then select the platform from the MARC-K73 submenu. Note that a default platform selection will be displayed if the script determines that MARC has not yet been installed.

The installation script will then extract the files and then proceed to set the path names in the `run_marc` scripts to correspond to the current location of the MARC version.

ranlib Some MARC-UNIX versions will ask if you want to *ranlib* the MARC binary libraries supplied with the version. This will create a fresh table of contents for the libraries. It is advisable to do this and you need to do it only once.

link You will also be asked whether MARC should be made accessible system wide under the link-name *marck73*. If so, a symbolic link (*marck73*) will, by default, be created in the directory `/usr/local/bin`.

Notes: Not all UNIX versions need the *ranlib*; the question will not appear on them.

If you decide to create the link, you

- must be allowed to create the link at the chosen location.
- must ensure your users who want to use MARC have that location in their search path.

**Step 3:
Generate
system
identifier** Using the installation script `install.exe`, choose option **s**) Install security from the main menu list. A submenu will appear. Choose option **1** from this submenu to generate the system identifier.

Note: When you generate the system identifier, you will be asked to enter your name, address etc. See Appendix A for a sample session.

**Step 4:
Send to
MARC** The system identifier is stored in the subdirectory `install` under the `<parent>` directory, in a file called `sid001.dat`. The file can be printed using the `install.exe` option **3**. Send the printout by means of telefax to the nearest MARC office. If you have access to the E-mail facility, you can E-mail the system identifiers directly using the `install.exe` option **4**.

**Step 5:
Password** Change your current directory to the subdirectory `security` under the `<parent>` directory. If you receive your passwords via E-mail, then save the license data in a file named `license.dat` in this directory. The permissions for `license.dat` should be 644, since all users will need read access. If you receive your passwords via telefax, then enter them by means of creating the `license.dat` file using an editor and typing in the information. The password will consist of at least three lines:

“SERVER” line which specifies the system hostname

“DAEMON” line which specifies the vendor specific daemon name and path

“FEATURE” line(s) which specifies the product and options. This line contains the password and the expiration dates.

The `run_marc` script uses the following environment variables to locate the `license.dat` file:

FLEXDIR

LM_LICENSE_FILE

The FLEXDIR environment variable typically points to the `security` directory, and the name `license.dat` is appended to it for the full pathname. If the file does not exist, then the environment variable LM_LICENSE_FILE is used to obtain the full pathname for the license file.

See Globetrotter’s *FLEXlm End User Manual* for more information on entering your license password.

Note: There is generally no need to start the Flexlm license manager. The `run_marc` script will do so.

Step 6:
Checking

Run one of the standard MARC demonstration examples as proof of a successful installation. Using the installation script `install.exe`, choose **t) Test the installation** from the main menu list, and the MARC K73 *maintain* menu will appear. Choose **option 1** from this menu, and a new menu will appear. Choose **option 1** from this new menu. If all goes well, one of the final messages on screen should read **marc exit number 3004**. If you have a FORTRAN compiler on your system, choose a second demonstration example by means of the **maintain option 2**. Again, MARC should give a **marc exit number 3004**.

Note: Should any of these examples not run, please use the checklist in Appendix B to verify whether the installation was executed correctly. Refer to Chapter 4 of this document for the syntax of `run_marc`. Contact MARC customer support if you are still unable to run the examples.

Step 7:
Exit

Choose the *exit* option to leave the installation script:

- r) Exit from the trial submenu*
- q) Exit from the installation script*

Chapter 4: Running MARC

This section describes the MARC usage on UNIX based machines applicable to either BSD4 or System V machines except where noted. The MARC programs are mainly controlled by a shell script program called *run_marc* which is stored in the *marck73* subdirectory *tools*. If you have used the option to creating a link during the installation, this shell script is also known system wide as *marck73*. It is designed to handle practically all possible options.

The shell script will submit a job and automatically take care of the file assignments providing that use is made of the default FORTRAN file units as specified in Table 4. Note that the program automatically opens file units 1-36, excluding 26-30. The shell script must be executed in the directory where all relevant input and output files concerning the job are available. To use the shell script, each MARC job should have a unique name qualifier and all MARC output files connected to that job will use this same qualifier.

MARC input files should always be named *job_name.dat*, whereby the prefix *job_name* is the name qualifier which you are free to choose. The suffix *.dat* is obligatory.

To actually submit a MARC job, the following command should be used. The single input line is split over multiple lines for clarity:

```

run_marc  -jid      job_name (required as minimum)
          -rid      restart_name
          -pid      post_name
          -sid      substructure_name
          -prog     program_name
          -user     user_subroutine_name
          -save     save_user_executable
          -queue    queue_name
          -ver      verification_flag
          -vf       viewfactor_name
          -def      defaults_name
          -nprocd   number_of_processors
          -nthread  number_of_threads
          -itree    message passing type
          -host     hostfile (for running over the network)
          -dist     for distributed execution in network version
          -comp     compatible machines on a network

```

Table 2 describes the meaning of these input options and Table 3 gives examples. Table 4 gives FORTRAN file units used.

Table 2 run_marc Input Options*

Keyword	Options	Description
-jid (-j)	job_name	Job and input file name identification. Requires <i>job_name.dat</i> for all programs except the curve fit and neutral plot programs.
-prog (-pr)	progname	Run saved executable <i>progname.marc</i> from a previous job (usually <i>user_name</i> ; see below).
-user (-u)	user_name	User subroutine <i>user_name.f</i> will be used to generate a new executable program called <i>user_name.marc</i> .
-save (-sa)	no yes	Do <i>not</i> save the new executable program <i>user_name.marc</i> . Save the executable program <i>user_name.marc</i> for a next time.
-rid (-r)	restart_name	Identification of previous job that created RESTART file.
-pid (-p)	post_name	Identification of previous job that created postfile containing temperature data.
-sid (-si)	substructure	Substructure jobs only: name of the substructuring file <i>substructure.t31</i> .
-queue (-q)	background foreground queue name	Run the program in the background. Run the program in the foreground. Submit to batch queue the queue name. Only available for machines with batch queue; e.g., Convex, Cray. Queue names and submit command syntax may differ from site to site, adjust <i>run_marc</i> if necessary.
-back (-b)	yes no	Alternative for -queue : run the program in the background. Run the program in the foreground.
-ver (-v)	yes no	Ask for confirmation before starting the job Will start the job immediately
-nproc	1,2,4,etc	Number of processors (generally same as the number of domains)
-nthread	1,2,4,etc	Number of threads
-host	hostfile	Specify the name of the host file for running over a network (default is execution on one machine only in which case this option is not needed).
-dist	yes no	When the execution is distributed over a network.
-comp	yes no	When machines are compatible in a run over the network. Examples of compatible machines are: 1. Two or more SGI, SUN, IBM, HP, and DEC with exactly the same processor type and OS. 2. One SGI R8000/Irix 6.2 and one SGI R10000/Irix 6.5 machine. 3. One SUN Ultra/Solaris 2.5 and one SUN Ultra/Solaris 2.6. 4. One HP J Class/HPUX-10.20 and and one HP C Class/HPUX-10.20. This option is only needed when user subroutines are used.
-pq	0,1,2,etc	Batch queue only: queue priority
-at (-a)	date/time	Batch queue only: delay time for start of job. Syntax: January,1,1998,12:30 or: today,5pm
*Default options are shown in bold .		

Table 2 run_marc Input Options*(Continued)

-cpu	sec	Batch queue only: cpu time limit
-vf	vf_filename	Refers to the viewfactor file for a heat transfer radiation analysis.
-def	defaults_file	Used to define an auxiliary input file containing default values.
*Default options are shown in bold .		

Table 3 Examples of Running MARC Jobs

Examples of running MARC jobs	Description:
<code>run_marc -jid e2x1</code>	Runs the job <i>e2x1</i> in the background, the input file <i>e2x1.dat</i> resides in the current working directory.
<code>run_marc -jid e2x14 -user u2x14 -save yes</code>	Runs the job <i>e2x14</i> in the background, using the user subroutine <i>u2x14.f</i> and the input file <i>e2x14.dat</i> . An executable program named <i>u2x14.marc</i> will be saved after completion of the job.
<code>run_marc -jid e2x14a -prog u2x14</code>	Runs the job <i>e2x14a</i> using the executable produced by job <i>e2x14</i> .
<code>run_marc -jid e3x2a -ver no -back no</code>	Runs the job <i>e3x2a</i> in the foreground. The job will run immediately without verifying interactively.
<code>run_marc -jid e3x2b -rid e3x2a</code>	Performs a restart job using the results of the previous job <i>e3x2a</i> .
<code>run_marc -jid e2x1 -nproc 2</code>	Runs a two processor job on a single parallel machine.
<code>run_marc -jid e2x1 -nproc 2 -host hostfile</code>	Runs a two-processor job over a network. The hosts are specified in the file <i>hostfile</i> .

Table 4 FORTRAN File Units Used by the UNIX version of MARC

File name	Unit	Description	Comments
jidname.log	0	Error message output unit	Except HP
jidname.t01	1	Formatted data file	Usually contains mesh
jidname.t02	2	OOC* solver scratch file	random access binary file
jidname.t03	3	ELSTO file	sequential access binary file
jidname.t04	4	Neutral plot file	sequential access binary file
jidname.dat	5	Formatted data input file	formatted FORTRAN file
jidname.out	6	Printed output file	formatted FORTRAN file
jidname.log	7	Error message output file	HP only
jidname.t08	8	New RESTART file	sequential access binary file
ridname.t08	9	Old RESTART file	sequential access binary file
jidname.t11	11	OOC* solver scratch file	sequential access binary file
jidname.t12	12	OOC* solver scratch file	sequential access binary file
jidname.t13	13	OOC* solver scratch file	sequential access binary file
jidname.t14	14	OOC* solver scratch file	random access binary file
jidname.t15	15	OOC* solver scratch file	sequential access binary file
jidname.t16	16	New POST file (FORTRAN file)	sequential access binary file
jidname.t17	17	Old POST file (FORTRAN file)	sequential access binary file
jidname.t18	18	Formatted data file, optimization table	formatted FORTRAN file
jidname.t19	19	New POST file	formatted FORTRAN file
ridname.t19	20	Old POST file	formatted FORTRAN file
jidname.t22	22	Subspace iteration scratch file	sequential access binary file
jidname.t23	23	Fluid-solid interaction file	sequential access binary file
pidname.t19	24	Heat data input file	formatted FORTRAN file
pidname.t16	25	Heat data input file (FORTRAN file)	sequential access binary file
sidname.t31	31	Substructure master data file	random access binary file
jidname.t32	32	Secant method file	sequential access binary file
jidname.t34	34	Neutral plot file	formatted FORTRAN file
sidname.t35	35	Substructure file	sequential access binary file
sidname.t36	36	Substructure file	sequential access binary file
*OOO denotes Out-Of-Core solution.			

Table 4 FORTRAN File Units Used by the UNIX version of MARC (Continued)

jidname.t41	41	Post output for domain decomposition	sequential access binary file
jidname.t42	42	Post output for domain decomposition	formatted FORTRAN file
jidname.t45	45	Design Optimization	formatted FORTRAN file
jidname.t46	46	Design Sensitivity or Optimization	sequential access binary file
def.dat	49	Defaults File	formatted FORTRAN file
jidname.lck	51	Post File Lock File	formatted FORTRAN file
jidname.cnt	52	Dynamic Control File	formatted FORTRAN file
Environment variable EXITMSG	97	Exit Messages	formatted FORTRAN file
Environment variable USRDEF	98	Global default File	formatted FORTRAN file
Environment variable AFMATDAT	99	Material Database	formatted FORTRAN file
*OOC denotes Out-Of-Core solution.			

Chapter 5: Making Changes to the MARC Programs

The MARC program sizing

The K7 release of MARC uses dynamic memory. As opposed to previous versions of the product, the program will not need to relink if the value on the **SIZING** parameter is large, or if additional memory is required. If no value for **SIZING** is entered, MARC will initially request **NORMAL** number of words. The value of **NORMAL** is given in the `include` file in the `tools` directory. It is set to **5,000,000** words. It may be reset as discussed below. The `include` file also contains **MAXNUM** for the maximum number of entities a model can accommodate for the given size of **NORMAL**. This value should be one-fifth of the **NORMAL** value and is currently set to 1,000,000 words. MARC will continue to allocate memory as necessary until it reaches a value of **MAXSIZE**. The value of **MAXSIZE** is set at **200,000,000** words. If the analysis requires more than **MAXSIZE** number of words, MARC will select at least one of the out-of-core options, either **ELSTO** or out-of-core solver.

You may choose to modify the **NORMAL** size permanently by means of the `install.exe` shell script:

```
cd <parent>/install
install.exe
```

Choose *option 1* from the main menu to get you to the MARC menu, and then choose *t) Test the installation* to get you to the `tools` menu. You will then have a new menu appear. Here, choose *option 2* to get into the maintenance submenu. Choose *option 2.4* to redefine the default workspace size (**NORMAL**).

Note that apart from the **NORMAL** value of the workspace you are also able to set a **MAXSIZE** to the workspace: *option 2.5* of the maintenance submenu. This upper limit should reflect the maximum permissible program size which your computer can handle. **NORMAL**, **MAXNUM**, and **MAXSIZE** are given in single precision words; i.e., four bytes per word and can be changed in the `include` file under the `tools` directory.

Chapter 6: Managing Flexlm with MARC

Flexlm License File

Flexlm is the network based licensing product from Globetrotter Software used in MARC products.

The license file, `license.dat`, should be placed in the `<parent>/security` directory once you receive your licenses from your nearest MARC office. Everyone should have read permission to the file. The license file has the following format:

Line	Description
SERVER	This line specifies the license server. It has the format: <p style="margin-left: 40px;">SERVER hostname hostid port</p>
DAEMON	This line specifies the name of the vendor daemon (<code>marcd</code>), and the path. It has the format: <p style="margin-left: 40px;">DAEMON <code>marcd</code> <code><parent>/security</code></p>
FEATURE	This line lists the feature, or license names. This line <u>cannot</u> be modified from what is sent to you. For your MARC license, it has the format: <p style="margin-left: 40px;">FEATURE <code>marck71 marcd 1.000 ...</code> (for single processor version) FEATURE <code>marcp marcd 1.000</code> (for single machine parallel version) FEATURE <code>marcn marcd 1.000</code> (for network version)</p>
USE_SERVER	When used together with the <code>SERVER</code> line, this line is used on the licensed “client system” (as opposed to the license server), to specify that it should obtain a license from the specified license server. It has no options.

Flexlm License Manager

The `run_marc` script will start the Flexlm license manager daemon `lmgrd.marc` using the `rc.lmgrd` script located in the `security` directory. Once `lmgrd.marc` is running, it reads the license file `license.dat` which is also located in the `security` directory. The license file contains the MARC license (and other MARC product licenses, if necessary). In addition, `lmgrd.marc` also starts the MARC vendor daemon `marcd`. The path to `marcd` is specified in the license file on the `DAEMON` line. These processes must be running on the license server for the MARC security system to obtain a license.

MARC contacts these daemons at regular intervals. If no contact is made after a specified time period, then MARC terminates execution.

Environment Variables

The environment variable ***FLEXDIR*** is used to specify the directory containing the `license.dat` file. The variable is set in the `run_marc` script, and the default setting is `$DIR/./security`, where `$DIR` is the path to the MARC directory. When MARC executes, it will look for the file `license.dat` in the `FLEXDIR` directory. If it cannot find the file or if it cannot find the MARC license, it will check the list of license files specified by the environment variable `LM_LICENSE_FILE`. This environment variable can be set by the user in the `run_marc` script, and is a colon separated list of file pathnames. A typical setting for this variable is:

```
LM_LICENSE_FILE=$FLEXDIR/license.dat:/usr/local/flexlm/licenses/license.dat
```

You may want to combine all of your Flexlm licenses into one file and change the FLEXDIR setting appropriately. The FLEXDIR environment variable is also used in the `rc.lmgrd` script located in the `security` directory.

Security Directory

The security directory defaults to `<parent>/security`. It must be writable by all MARC users since `lmgrd.marc` writes the logfile (`security/license.log`) to that directory. If you do not wish to have the security directory writable by others, then you must modify the `rc.lmgrd` script to write the logfile to a different location (such as `/tmp`).

You may also want to monitor the size of the logfile, since all Flexlm activity is recorded to that file.

Note: The `license.log` file contains important status information regarding the license manager daemon. Always check this file when you get a security error.

If you move the security directory to a different location, or more specifically if you move `lmgrd.marc` and `marcd`, then you must modify the FLEXDIR environment variable specified in the `run_marc` script to specify their location.

Client/Server Licensing

The default installation assumes that the system in which MARC is installed functions as the license server. The term license server only refers to the fact that `lmgrd.marc` and `marcd` are running on that system, and maintains the state of available licenses. Even if you have purchased a nodelocked license, the nodelocked system functions as the license server for that license. A nodelocked license can be distinguished from a floating license since it will have a `HOSTID=xxx` in the feature line.

If you have purchased a floating license, the system that is to be the license server must be determined before generating the system identification file (`sid001.dat`). You must generate the system identification file from the license server, since the `lmhostid` value of the server is needed to generate your passwords. The license file that is returned to you should be placed in the `security` directory. The client systems can use the same license file, or they can use a brief license file with just the `SERVER` and `USE_SERVER` lines.

If you are using a license server and `lmgrd.marc` will always be running, then you may wish to remove or rename the `rc.lmgrd` script started by the `run_marc` script so that it does not attempt to start the license manager on the client.

Product Layout

When you install MARC you will get the following installation hierarchy:

<code><Parent></code>	
— install	Contains the <code>install_marc</code> script and other installation scripts
— security	Contains the Flexlm programs
— marck73	Contains the MARC program files
— mentat330	Contains the Mentat program files (if installed)

The environment variables involved with the Flexlm security are set in the `run_marc` script as follows:

```
DIR=<parent>/marck73
FLEXDIR=$DIR/../security
```

Appendix A: Sample Installation of MARC

In this appendix, a sample installation, assuming a single license installation for SGI R8000, is demonstrated.

**Step 1:
Start the
installation script
on the CD-ROM**

```
<cdrom_dir>/  
install.exe
```

In most cases, the name of <cdrom_dir> will be /cdrom or /CDROM. The device name for your CD-ROM may be different, so check your system administration guide. For example, on a SUN the name may be /cdrom/cdrom0.

**Step 2:
Extract the files
from the
CD-ROM**

```
enter the path
```

Welcome to the MARC Installation script

Enter the pathname to the directory to install the software
(<current directory>)

```
/opt/marc
```

*MARC Installation script for UNIX systems
MARC Analysis Research Corporation
Main menu*

- 1) Install the MARC program*
- 2) Install the Mentat program*
- 3) Install AutoForge-Analysis*
- 4) Install AutoForge-GUI*
- 5) Install MARC/Link-P Products*
- 6) Install MARC/Link-Cat Products*

- s) Install Security*
- sd) Install Security documentation*
- d) Install on-line Documentation*
- u) Update Product scripts*

- ci) Change the installation directory*
- cd) Change the CDROM path*
- l) Change the product listing file*
- ?) Help information*
- q) Exit from the installation script*

```
select option 1
```

```
Selection : 1
```

*MARC Analysis Research Corporation
MARC K7.3.2 Menu*

	<i>D1) Install for DEC OSF 3.2</i>	<i>(~70 MB)</i>
	<i>D2) Install for DEC OSF 4.0</i>	<i>(~70 MB)</i>
	<i>H1) Install for HP-UX 10.20 (PA 1.1)</i>	<i>(~60 MB)</i>
	<i>H2) Install for HP-UX 10.20 (PA 2.0)</i>	<i>(~60 MB)</i>
	<i>H3) Install for HP-UX/800 11.00</i>	<i>(~60 MB)</i>
	<i>I1) Install for IBM AIX 3.2.5</i>	<i>(~45 MB)</i>
	<i>I2) Install for IBM AIX 4.1.5</i>	<i>(~45 MB)</i>
	<i>I3) Install for IBM AIX 4.3.1</i>	<i>(~45 MB)</i>
	<i>G1) Install for SGI R4k IRIX 5.3</i>	<i>(~70 MB)</i>
	<i>G2) Install for SGI R5k IRIX 6.3</i>	<i>(~70 MB)</i>
	<i>G3) Install for SGI R8k-10k IRIX64 6.2</i>	<i>(~70 MB)</i>
	<i>S1) Install for Sun Solaris 2.4</i>	<i>(~55 MB)</i>
	<i>S2) Install for Sun Solaris 2.5/2.6/2.7</i>	<i>(~55 MB)</i>
	<i>t) Test the installation</i>	
	<i>?) Help information</i>	
	<i>r) Return to previous menu</i>	
Select option 11	<i>Selection [11] : 11</i>	
	<i>Installing from /cdrom/marck732_sgi_r8-r10_62.tar.Z tools/run_marc file adjusted. tools/include file adjusted.</i>	
Make your choice. You must be root to create the link.	<i>The very first time you run the installation script you will need to perform the next step : updating the MARC libraries. Do you want to ranlib all archives ? y Create a link to the startup file run_marc (/usr/local/bin) ? y</i>	
	<i>If you will also be installing Mentat 3.3.0, then install Mentat before proceeding to the next step.</i>	
select option 3	<i>Security submenu</i>	
	<i>1) Generate system identifier file</i>	
	<i>2) Show the system identifier</i>	
	<i>3) Print the system identifier</i>	
	<i>4) Send the system identifier</i>	
	<i>5) Reset the license manager (lmreread)</i>	
	<i>6) Start the license manager daemon</i>	
	<i>7) Stop the license manager daemon</i>	
	<i>?) Help</i>	
	<i>r) Return to previous menu</i>	
Select option 1	<i>Selection : 1</i>	

**Step 3:
Generate a system
identifier**

<p>Enter your data</p>	<p><i>Please enter the following information:</i> <i>Your company name () : PieMontVue Inc.</i> <i>Your department () :</i> <i>Your company address () : 101 Grant St.</i> <i>City and postal code () : Woodsland, Ca 97001</i> <i>Country () : USA</i> <i>Your name () : Pat Smith</i> <i>Your email address () : psmith@pie.com</i> <i>Your telephone number () : 498 8779221</i> <i>Your telefax number () : 498 8770101</i> <i>Current system data :</i> <i>Computer type (SGI) : SGI</i> <i>Computer model (IP27) : O2</i> <i>Mentat license code () : MENT320.U0123</i> <i>MARC license code () : MARCK73.U0123</i> <i>Any changes (y/n) [n] ? n</i> <i>**** Data written in file "/opt/marc/install/sid001.dat".</i> <i>Send this file to MARC</i></p>
<p>If you are installing both MARC and Mentat, enter both of your license codes.</p>	<p><i>Selection : 4</i></p>
<p>Step 4: Send the system identifier to the nearest MARC office</p>	<p>Select option 3 to print, or 4 for E-mail</p>
<p>Step 5: Enter passwords</p>	<p><i>vi license.dat</i> <i>chmod 644 license.dat</i></p> <p>When you receive your passwords from MARC, edit or create the <parent>/security/license.dat file and add the license data sent to you. It will consist of at least three lines: a SERVER line, a DAEMON line, and a FEATURE line. See Globetrotter's <i>FLEXlm End User Manual</i> for more information.</p> <p><i>Selection : q</i></p>
<p>Select option q to exit the installation script</p>	

Appendix B: Troubleshooting

- Cannot read CD-ROM**
- The device name listed in Table 1 may be incorrect for your system. Please consult your system manager.
 - The CD-ROM device may not be mounted. Please consult your system manager.
- Cannot create MARC exit 67**
- MARC was unable to obtain a license from the FLEXlm licensing software. You should first check the Flexlm logfile `security/license.log`. The possible causes for this are:
- You have no write permission in the parent directory. Change with `chmod`.
 - The FLEXlm license manager is missing or can not be executed due to permission problems. Check the log file `license.log` in the `security` directory. Try testing the FLEXlm license server with the command `security/lmstat`. If this fails, consult the *FLEXlm End User Manual*.
 - You are attempting to run on a machine that according to the MARC password(s) you are not allowed to use.
 - Your license period has expired. Check the date on your machine.
 - For counted licenses, currently running too many MARC jobs. Try later. If the limit has not been exceeded, try restarting the license manager, `lmgrd.marc` and the vendor daemon `marcd`. Make sure no other MARC jobs are running.
 - If you have just modified the `license.dat` file, the `lmgrd.marc` and `marcd` daemons may not have been restarted. Run the `lmreread` utility as follows:


```
lmreread -c "parent"/security/license.dat
```
 - If you get the FLEXlm error:


```
Invalid (inconsistent) license key (-8,130:2) No such file or directory
```

 it may be implying that the `hostid` value specified on the `SERVER` line are inconsistent with the passwords. Check the values and restart the license manager.
 - If you get the FLEXlm error:


```
Cannot connect to license server (-15,12:146)
```

 and you are using a floating license, the license manager (`lmgrd.marc`) may not be running on the license server, or the `USE_SERVER` line in your client side `license.dat` file is incorrect. Also make sure that the TCP/IP port numbers used on the `SERVER` line are the same on both the client and the server.
 - If you get the FLEXlm error:


```
No such feature exists (-5,147)
```

 and your license is limited to certain systems, you may be trying to run on a system that is not licensed for use. Check that the `lmhostid` of the system you are trying to use and that on your `marck73 (FEATURE marck71)` license is the same.
- Link failed**
- Your user subroutine causes compiler errors.
 - You have no FORTRAN compiler.
 - FORTRAN libraries not available.
 - Check the variable `syslibs` in the file `include` in the `marck73` subdirectory `tools`. It references special system libraries in `/usr/lib` which may not exist on your system.

Appendix C: MARC subdirectories

The MARC version you have received contains a full set of subdirectories listed below. You can save disk space by removing the subsets that you do not need.

Table 5 Contents of the MARC Distribution CD-ROM*

Basic set:	Contents: required as minimum
bin	executable MARC programs
tools	shell scripts to run and maintain the MARC programs
../security	Flexlm security files
AF_flowmat	material data for database
Extended set:	Contents: only for use with user subroutines
common	insert files containing MARC common blocks
lib	binary libraries with the compiled MARC routines
main	MARC programs main routines
user	templates for all available MARC user subroutines
update	empty directory: reserved for updated MARC routines (fixes)
notes	useful information about MPI installation, compilers, and testing parallel installation
Examples:	Contents: example files
demo	input files and user subroutines for the MARC demonstration manual E
demo_ddm	input files and user subroutines for the single parallel machine as well as the network parallel version of MARC
benchmark	small set of demonstration examples for performance measurement
test_ddm	one, two, and four processor test examples for installation testing of the single parallel machine as well as the network parallel version
primer	input files for the MARC primer manual
Utilities:	Contents:
pldump	source routines for the post-file conversion program pldump
neutral	source routines for the MARC plot file conversion programs
mpich	MPI libraries for network parallel version
Source code:	Contents: for source code licenses only
source	source routines for the standard MARC program
*Note that the last set is available on SOURCE code license tapes only.	

Table 5 Contents of the MARC Distribution CD-ROM* (Continued)

csource	source routines for the standard MARC program written in C
solver	source routines for machine dependent solver
mndsrc	machine dependant routines for the MARC programs
*Note that the last set is available on SOURCE code license tapes only.	

Table 6 Contents of the Security directory unloaded from CD-ROM

Program	Description
flexuser	A directory containing the <i>Flexlm End User Guide</i> in HTML format.
flexuser.pdf	The <i>Flexlm End User Guide</i> in Adobe Acrobat 3.0 format.
flexuser.ps	The <i>Flexlm End User Guide</i> in Postscript format.
lmcksum	Performs a checksum of the license file
lmdiag	Diagnose a problem with checking out a license
lmdown	Shutowns the license daemons
lmgrd.marc	The main license manager daemon for Flexlm
lmhostid	Prints the Flexlm hostid of a system
lmremove	Allows you to remove a single user's license
lmreread	Causes the license manager to reread the license file
lmstat	Helps you monitor the status of all network licensing activities
lmswitchr	Switches the FLEXadmin log file for the specified feature
lmutil	The executable to which the Flexlm utilities are linked
lmver	Lists the Flexlm version of a library or executable
marcd	The vendor daemon used to pass MARC specific licensing information to lmgrd.marc
rc.lmgrd	The script that starts lmgrd.marc
rc_lmgrd	An example script that could be placed in /etc/rc?.d so that lmgrd is started at boot time
See the <i>FLEXlm End User Manual</i> for more information	

